Adding Prefixes and Suffixes to Build Words

Directions

- 1. Remind your child that we can add prefixes and suffixes to base words to build new words. A base word can stand alone and has meaning (for example, cat, bench, eat, walk).
 - A prefix is a word part that is added to the beginning of a base word that changes its meaning. Examples of prefixes are un-, re-, im-. When the prefix un- is added to the base word lucky, the word changes from lucky to unlucky. The prefix un- means "not," so unlucky means not lucky.
 - A suffix is a word part that is added to the end of a base word that changes its meaning. Examples of suffixes include -er, -ful, -ness. When the suffix -er is added to the base word work, the word changes from work to worker. The suffix -er means "one who," so worker means one who works.
- 2. Cut out the prefix and suffix cards. Place them face down in a stack.
- 3. Provide your child with the base word activity sheets and ask your child to read the base words. Discuss the meaning of any unknown base words.
- 4. Ask your child to:
 - Select a card from the stack and read the prefix or suffix.
 - Find a base word on the activity sheets to add the prefix or suffix to build a new (real) word.
 - Read the new word and tell whether a prefix or suffix was added.
 - Discuss the meaning of the new word.

Example



Activity Sheet 1 Key

agree	school	cheer	able	paint	possible
agreement	preschool	cheerful cheerer	unable	painter	impossible

Activity Sheet 2 Key

behave	art	sense	tender	call	child
misbehave	artful	nonsense	tenderness	caller recall	childish

prefix and suffix cards				
pre	un	im		
mis	non	re		
ful	er	ment		
ist	ness	ish		

agree school cheer able paint possible

Adding Prefixes and Suffixes to Build Words Activity Sheet 1

behave art sense tender call child

Adding Prefixes and Suffixes to Build Words Activity Sheet 2